

Navy, Raytheon Complete First Dual-Target Test of Ford-Class CVN Integrated Combat System



The aircraft carrier USS Gerald R. Ford (CVN-78) is maneuvered by tugboats during a turn ship evolution in the James River. Gerald R. Ford is undergoing its post-shakedown availability at Huntington Ingalls Industries-Newport News Shipbuilding. (U.S. Navy/Mass Communication Specialist 2nd Class Ryan Seelbach

TEWKSBURY, Mass. – Raytheon Co.

and the U.S. Navy completed the final developmental test of the latest

generation of the Ship Self-Defense System, or SSDS, Integrated Combat System

for the USS Gerald R. Ford (CVN-78), the company announced in a release.

The test was conducted off the

coast of California from the Navy's unmanned Self-Defense Test Ship simulating

a scenario CVN-78 may encounter once deployed.

During the raid scenario

exercise, two anti-ship missile surrogate targets were located, classified,

tracked and engaged using the SSDS Integrated Combat System adapted for Gerald

R. Ford.

"This successful

dual-target test demonstrates the maturity of the Ship Self Defense System ICS

and paves the way for operational testing to begin,” said Mike Fabel, Raytheon’s SSDS program manager. “SSDS is a critical capability that enables CVN-78 to defend herself and her crew against current and emerging threats.”

The Raytheon Ship Self-Defense System ICS includes:

- Dual Band Radar: This technology searched for, located and tracked the targets. DBR then provided uplink and radar illumination to the Evolved SeaSparrow Missile to support missile guidance.
- Cooperative Engagement Capability, or CEC: The capability validated and processed the Dual Band Radar data for SSDS. CEC is responsible for providing a single, integrated air picture by fusing data from multiple sensors to improve track accuracy.
- Ship Self-Defense System: SSDS processed the CEC data, classified the targets, determined the appropriate engagement ranges, passed launch commands to the interceptor missiles, and scheduled Dual Band Radar support for the engagements.
- Evolved SeaSparrow Missile and Rolling Airframe Missile: Successfully engaged and defeated both targets using live and simulated interceptors.

The Ship Self-Defense System ICS for CVN-78 has now successfully engaged three of three targets over the course of its first two test exercises.

Proven and deployed, SSDS is an open, distributed combat management system in service on U.S. carriers and amphibious ships, including CVN, LSD, LPD, LHA and LHD classes. SSDS Mk2 is the premier self-defense system for the Navy. SSDS is integrated with Raytheon's Cooperative Engagement Capability for the seamless extraction and distribution of sensor-derived information. This further enhances each ship's anti-air warfare capability through sharing of available data to all participating CEC units, improving situational awareness, increasing range, and enabling cooperative, multiple, or layered engagement strategies.

Queen Elizabeth Closer to Operations With Transatlantic Training



A U.S. Marine Corps vertical-lift F-35 approaches the HMS Queen Elizabeth during flight trials last year. While stateside this year, the British carrier will again host Marine F-35s, according to the U.K. Ministry of Defence. U.S. Navy via Royal Navy
LONDON – HMS Queen Elizabeth, Britain's future flagship, will deploy in late summer for the eastern seaboard of the United States, including a port visit in the Washington, D.C., area, where

she will host the Atlantic Future Forum, the U.K. Ministry of Defence announced.

The aircraft carrier, United Kingdom's largest and most advanced warship ever built, will make the transatlantic journey for the second consecutive year to train alongside the U.K.'s closest ally. She will also make several port calls while deployed before returning home before Christmas.

While in the Washington area she will host the Atlantic Future Forum, which aims at bringing the U.S. and U.K. defense industry and military together to address the changing nature of warfare and shared threats both allies face at home and abroad.

"HMS Queen Elizabeth represents the best of British innovation and is a true embodiment of our international ambition," said British Defence Secretary Penny Mordaunt.

"The fact that this important ship will have visited the U.S. twice within her short service thus far is testament to our enduring transatlantic defense relationship. In the week that we commemorate the 75th anniversary of the D-Day landings, it is only right that we continue to look at how we can deepen our global partnerships to promote peace and deter future conflict."

The deployment, known as WESTLANT 19, will see Queen Elizabeth and her crew conduct deck and warfare trials with U.K. F-35 jets from 17 Test and Evaluation Squadron based in the United States and 617 Squadron based at RAF Marham as well rotary wing training with Merlin and Wildcat helicopters.

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enduring transatlantic defense relationship.”

British Defence Secretary Penny Mordaunt

While stateside, she will also welcome U.S. Marine Corps vertical-lift F-35s on deck.

HMS Queen Elizabeth remains set to be deployed on global operations from 2021 and when Prince of Wales joins her in the fleet in the near future, the United Kingdom will have one carrier available at very high readiness at all times.

Britain's prime minister also announced June 4 that the Royal Navy will ready the HMS Queen Elizabeth to join allies in forming part of NATO's major "readiness initiative" when she becomes operational.

"I'm pleased to announce that NATO will soon be able to call on the U.K.'s Queen Elizabeth-class aircraft carriers and F-35 fighter jets to help tackle threats around the world," Prime Minister Theresa May said.



A U.S. Marine Corps F-35 aboard the HMS Queen Elizabeth last year. U.S. Navy via Lockheed Martin
NATO's "readiness initiative" aims to improve the readiness of the alliance's forces to deploy and move within Europe and across the Atlantic to safeguard international security. Britain will look to make its aircraft carrier a key part of those plans as the country continues to play a leading role in the alliance which has been the cornerstone of its defense for 70 years.

"Be it projecting influence for peace, standing ready

to fight, or delivering vital aid around the world, HMS Queen Elizabeth and her sister ship HMS Prince of Wales will fly the flag of a Global Britain,”

Mordaunt said. “Nothing symbolizes the leading role that we play in NATO more than our nation’s future flagship being ready to respond to any challenge that the Alliance may face.”

At the Defence Ministers’ meeting in June, allies committed, by 2020, to having 30 battalions, 30 air squadrons and 30 naval combat vessels ready to use within 30 days. This was reinforced by allied heads of state and government at the NATO summit in July.

Coast Guard Repatriates 12 Migrants to Dominican Republic



The Coast Guard Cutter Heriberto Hernandez interdicted an illegal migrant boat with 14 Dominicans on board on May 30 about 10 nautical miles north of Mona Island, Puerto Rico. U.S. Coast Guard 7th District

SAN JUAN,

Puerto Rico – The Coast Guard repatriated 12 Dominican migrants to a Dominican

Navy patrol vessel June 2 following the at-sea interdiction of an illegal

migrant voyage May 30 in the Mona Passage, the Coast Guard 7th

District said.

Two other Dominican migrants traveling in the group remain in federal custody facing possible prosecution by the U.S. Attorney's Office for the District of Puerto Rico on potential charges of attempted illegal re-entry into a U.S. territory.

The interdictions are the result of ongoing efforts in support of Operation Unified Resolve, Operation Caribbean Guard and the Caribbean Border Interagency Group.

"Migrants endanger their lives when taking part in an illegal voyage aboard makeshift and grossly overloaded boats with little or no lifesaving equipment," said Lt. Cmdr. Rafael Batlle, commanding officer of the cutter Heriberto Hernandez.

"I'm proud of my crew and thankful that we were able to arrive in time and rescue all these persons from a very dangerous situation. Most of them were dehydrated, disoriented, weakened and even sea sick."

"Migrants endanger their lives when taking part in an illegal voyage aboard makeshift and grossly overloaded boats with little or no lifesaving equipment."

Lt. Cmdr. Rafael Batlle, commanding officer, cutter Heriberto Hernandez

While on a routine patrol on the night of May 30, the crew of a Coast Guard HC-144 maritime patrol aircraft detected a migrant vessel that was transiting without navigational lights. The migrant boat was about 10 nautical miles north of Mona Island, Puerto Rico.

Coast Guard watchstanders in Sector San Juan diverted the Heriberto Hernandez to interdict the suspect vessel. Shortly thereafter, the cutter's crew interdicted the 30-foot makeshift boat and embarked all 14 men from their vessel that was taking on water and in danger of sinking.

Once aboard a Coast Guard cutter, all migrants receive food, water, shelter and basic medical attention.

The Heriberto Hernandez transferred custody of the two migrants facing federal prosecution to Ramey Sector Border Patrol agents in Mayaguez, Puerto Rico. The remaining migrants were transferred to the Coast Guard cutter Winslow Griesser (WPC-1116), which transported the migrants to Dominican waters just off Samaná, Dominican Republic, for their repatriation.

BAE Systems Completes Acquisition of Riptide Autonomous Solutions Assets



BAE Systems Inc. announced it has purchased the key assets of Riptide, which specializes in small UUVs. Riptide Autonomous Solutions

ARLINGTON,

Va. – BAE Systems Inc. has purchased of the key assets of Riptide Autonomous

Solutions, a provider of unmanned underwater vehicle technology and solutions,

BAE Systems said in a June 3 release. Plymouth, Massachusetts-based Riptide specializes

in small UUVs.

“Adding

Riptide’s technological capabilities will position us to provide customers

unmatched flexibility by offering a family of UUVs and integrated payload

solutions capable of supporting a variety of critical missions,” said Terry

Crimmins, president of BAE Systems Electronic Systems.

“Coupling

our extensive expertise in sonar, signal processing, sensor fusion, undersea

communications, electronic warfare, and autonomous systems with Riptide’s

unique UUV platforms will enable us to affordably address rapidly expanding

maritime mission requirements in the global defense, commercial and research

markets.”

“Everyone at Riptide is excited to be joining BAE Systems, given our shared focus and strategic vision for the undersea market,” said Jeff Smith, Riptide’s founder and president.

Riptide employees will join the BAE Systems Electronic Systems sector, many as part of the FAST Labs organization.

Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command Becomes NAVWARSCOM



Rear Adm. Danelle Barrett, Navy cybersecurity division director, explains the Navy’s information warfare posture at the Navy’s League’s 2019 Sea-Air-Space exposition in National Harbor, Md. The Navy announced that Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command has changed its name to Naval Information Warfare Systems Command. U.S. Navy/Mass Communication Specialist 1st Class William Mosley

SAN DIEGO

– Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command has changed its name to Naval

Information Warfare Systems Command (NAVWARSCOM), reinforcing its commitment

to outpacing adversaries in information warfare, the command

said in a release.

Chief of

Naval Operations Adm. John Richardson announced the name change at the

Information Warfare Senior Leadership Symposium in Washington, D.C., on June 3.

The change is effective immediately.

“We have

been on a steady drumbeat since the issuance of the Design for Maintaining

Maritime Superiority to further normalize information warfare into the way we

do operations and warfighting in the Navy,” Richardson said.

“Today, we will

take an important step in that direction as we rename the Space and Naval Warfare

Systems Command to the Naval Information Warfare Systems Command. This new name

more accurately describes the full totality of the mission, supporting naval

warfare – from seabed to space.”

The intent

of the name change is to recognize the power that information warfare brings to

the fight. The change aligns the command name with the command mission to

identify, develop, deliver and sustain information warfare capabilities and

services that enable naval, joint, coalition and other national missions.

“In this era of ‘Great Power Competition,’ information is a

fundamental element of warfare, an essential component of the Navy's strategy, and a warfare area that transcends the traditional domains of air, sea, land and space," said NAVWARSYSCOM's commander, Rear Adm. Christian Becker. "This name change underscores the importance of information warfare in providing our fleet with an unfair advantage in today's complex and increasingly competitive security environment."

In addition to more accurately reflecting the focus and core capabilities of the command, the name change will bring renewed clarity of mission and purpose for the warfighter, stakeholders across the fleet, industry partners, the broader information warfare community and the Naval Research and Development Establishment, according to the release.

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Rear Adm. Christian Becker, NAVWARSYSCOM COMMANDER

"We have been at the center of incorporating advanced information warfare technologies that enable new operational concepts for decades," NAVWARSYSCOM Executive Director Patrick Sullivan said. "Information warfare has been and will continue to be our central focus, and now our name accurately reflects this focus."

In February 2019, NAVWARSYSCOM's two Echelon III commands,

formerly "systems centers" in Charleston, South Carolina and San Diego changed their names to Naval Information Warfare Center (NIWC) Atlantic and NIWC Pacific, respectively.

While this move reflects clarity of mission and purpose, it also aligns the centers' naming architecture with Naval Air Systems Command's air warfare centers and Naval Sea Systems Command's surface and undersea warfare centers.

The change to NAVWARSYSCOM is the second name change in the command's history. In May 1966, the Department of the Navy established the Naval Electronic Systems Command.

The command was one of five systems commands placed under the Naval Material Command. In May 1985, the Department of the Navy disestablished the Naval Material Command, and the Naval Electronic Systems Command became Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command, an Echelon II command under the CNO.

NAVWARSYSCOM consists of more than 11,000 active duty military and civil service professionals around the world and close to the fleet to keep NAVWARSYSCOM at the forefront of research, engineering and acquisition to provide and sustain information warfare capabilities to the fleet.

Japan's First E-2D Aircraft Delivered by Northrop Grumman



In December 2018, the Japan Air Self Defense Force performed training flights on the E-2D Advanced Hawkeye. The first E-2D was delivered to JASDF in March. Northrop Grumman Corp.

TOKYO –

Northrop Grumman Corp. completed its first delivery of an E-2D Advanced Hawkeye to the Japanese Air Self-Defense Force (JASDF) on March 29, the company said in a release.

In November

2014, the Japan Ministry of Defense competitively selected the Northrop Grumman E-2D to fulfill an emerging next-generation airborne early warning requirement.

“Northrop

Grumman’s longstanding partnership with Japan is beginning a new chapter with

the delivery of the first Japan E-2D,” said Jane Bishop, vice president and

integrated product team leader, manned airborne surveillance programs at

Northrop Grumman. “This aircraft provides a significant increase in early

warning and surveillance capability to outpace Japan’s evolving security

needs.”

Japan has

operated the Northrop Grumman E-2C Hawkeye since 1983 and is the largest E-2 operator outside the U.S. The E-2D delivers a two-generation leap in radar technology, allowing the aircraft to track threats at extended range.

The aircraft can also be used in a humanitarian assistance and disaster relief capacity for civilian emergency coordination. The E-2D offers interoperability with next-generation aircraft systems and U.S. Navy allies to support regional security cooperation.

To ensure long-term success of the Japan E-2D fleet, Northrop Grumman is providing continued support to JASDF in the areas of sustainment and maintenance, in coordination with several Japanese firms.

USS Pittsburgh Arrives in Bremerton for Decommissioning



The USS Pittsburgh arrives in Bremerton on May 28 to commence the inactivation and decommissioning process. U.S. Navy/Mass Communication Specialist 1st Class Amanda R. Gray

BREMERTON, Wash. – The Los

Angeles-class fast-attack submarine USS Pittsburgh (SSN-720) arrived on May 28 at

Naval Base Kitsap-Bremerton, Washington, to start the inactivation and

decommissioning process, commander, Submarine Group 9 said in a release.

Under the command of Cmdr.

Jason Deichler, a Pittsburgh native, the submarine departed Naval Submarine

Base New London in Groton, Connecticut, and made its first arctic transit for

its final homeport change.

“We are the first second

flight 688 to complete an arctic transit from Groton to Bremerton for an

inactivation,” Deichler said. “It was an amazing transit, one that is unique to

submarines. There aren’t too many people in the history of the world, let alone

the submarine force, let alone the Navy, that have done that transit under the

ice.”

“... The pride that they have in the ship is amazing, the best I have ever seen on any ship I have ever served.”

Cmdr. Jason Deichler, commanding officer of the USS Pittsburgh

Pittsburgh completed its

most recent deployment Feb. 25, 2019. During the deployment, the boat and her

crew steamed more than 39,000 nautical miles and conducted three foreign port

visits.

“All I heard from the crew

during the transit was ‘this is the last,’” Deichler said.

“This is the last

meal; this is the last time we are going to eat Pittsburgh

steak on Pittsburgh;
this is the last turn; this is the last shut down. So, the
pride that they have
in the ship is amazing, the best I have ever seen on any ship
I have ever
served.”

The submarine’s ability to
support a multitude of missions, including anti-submarine
warfare, anti-surface
ship warfare, strike warfare, surveillance and reconnaissance,
made Pittsburgh
one of the most capable submarines in the world.

“It is a bittersweet
feeling to be the last operational commanding officer of
Pittsburgh,” Deichler
said. “I am a native of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, so the boat
has a special
meaning to me. It is bittersweet to see Pittsburgh come for a
final mooring
here in Bremerton, but I know it will help the Navy in her
future mission as we
bring more Virginia-class submarines out online and we get our
technology
upgraded.”

*The final journey of the USS Pittsburgh, headed for
inactivation at Puget Sound Naval Shipyard, was through the
Arctic. <https://t.co/GTdk8z9Njs>*

– Kitsap Sun (@KitsapSun) [May 29, 2019](#)

During the inactivation
process, Puget Sound Naval Shipyard and Intermediate
Maintenance Facility will
defuel the submarine, with the hull retained in safe storage

until decommissioning.

“The 35 years of USS Pittsburgh has been an amazing 35 years,” Deichler said. “We have been involved in two Tomahawk strike exercises and a multitude of missions vital to national security. What I really hope that the public remembers of our ship and our crew is the hard working men and women that helped build the submarine, utilizing materials from Pittsburgh, companies from Pittsburgh, and the support I got from the citizens of Pittsburgh; and then the crew itself, as they supported the ship and conducted operations over these 35 years.”

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uw1Es04_09k

Commissioned Nov. 23, 1985,

Pittsburgh is the fourth U.S. Navy vessel to be named for the city of

Pittsburgh. The boat’s mission is to seek out and destroy enemy ships and

submarines and to protect U.S. national interests. At 360-foot-long and 6,900

tons, Pittsburgh can be armed with sophisticated Mk48 advanced-capability

torpedoes and Tomahawk cruise missiles.

Digital Technology on Display

as HII Lands Island on Carrier JFK



A ceremony May 29 at Newport News Shipbuilding marked the landing of the aircraft carrier John F. Kennedy's command-and-control island on its flight deck. Huntington Ingalls Industries via Facebook

NEWPORT NEWS, Va. – Digital technology marked the exact location where Huntington Ingalls Industries landed the island onto the flight deck of the aircraft carrier John F. Kennedy (CVN-79) during a ceremony May 29 at the company's shipbuilding division, the company said in a release. The event coincided with the birthday of the carrier's namesake, President John F. Kennedy.

"Landing

the island is a key milestone in preparing the ship for launch in the fall,"

said Jennifer Boykin, president of Newport News Shipbuilding.

"Reaching this

milestone on schedule demonstrates the significant lessons learned we are

applying to this ship's construction as well as the strides we've made to use

new technologies to gain efficiencies."

A time-lapse video of the landing of Kennedy's command-and-control island on May 29. Huntington Ingalls Industries

The 588-ton island, which will serve as the command-and-control center for flight deck operations, is one of the last steel structures, known as a superlift, to be placed onto the ship, signifying that the Kennedy is a step closer to being launched.

The

ship is being built in sections with more outfitted equipment

– valves, pipe, electrical panels, mounting studs, lighting, ventilation and other components – than any other aircraft carrier built at Newport News. The use of new technologies, including digital work instructions that provide shipbuilders digital 3D data versus traditional paper drawings, has increased efficiency and productivity.

“Reaching this milestone on schedule demonstrates the significant lessons learned we are applying to this ship’s construction as well as the strides we’ve made to use new technologies to gain efficiencies.”

Jennifer Boykin, president of Newport News Shipbuilding

With the island, the Kennedy is more than 90% structurally complete. The island stands 72 feet above the flight deck and is 56 feet long and 33 feet wide.

In keeping with the Navy tradition, Capt. Todd Marzano, the ship’s commanding officer, placed his aviator wings underneath the island during the ceremony.

This custom, known as mast-stepping, recognizes an ancient maritime custom of placing a coin at the base of a mast of a ship under construction to bring good fortune.

Newport News Shipbuilding celebrated the landing of the island onto the flight deck of aircraft carrier John F. Kennedy ([#CVN79](#)) during a ceremony today. The event coincided with former President John F. Kennedy’s birthday. Read more in the press release: <https://t.co/wwZ0x1MBXA>

– HII (@WeAreHII) [May 29, 2019](#)

“It’s an absolute honor and privilege to be selected as the first commanding officer of the new aircraft carrier John F. Kennedy, and I’m truly humbled to be joining such an impressive team of highly talented shipbuilders who have worked so hard to make this historic event possible,” Marzano said.

“Landing the island on the flight deck is a significant construction milestone, bringing John F. Kennedy one very important step closer to being commissioned into the fleet, where its value to our nation cannot be overstated.”

“I know how proud my father would be of the ship that will bear his name and the patriotism and dedication of all who sail in her.”

Caroline Kennedy

Caroline

Kennedy, President Kennedy’s daughter, serves as the ship’s sponsor. She could not participate in the May 29 event but shared a 1964 silver Kennedy half dollar that Marzano placed under the island house.

“The island landing is an important milestone in the life of this ship,” Caroline Kennedy wrote in a letter. “I know how proud my father would be of the ship that will bear his name and the patriotism and dedication of all who sail in her.”

Boykin

placed a Newport News Shipbuilding president’s coin, which was

designed to recognize dedication, service and leadership – three qualities that the ship and its crew will demonstrate when they set sail in our nation's defense, she explained.

The other ceremony participants – James Geurts, assistant secretary of the Navy for research, development and acquisition; Rear Adm. Roy J. Kelley, commander, Naval Air Force Atlantic; and Rear Adm. Brian Antonio, program executive officer for aircraft carriers – also placed coins.

A time capsule containing all the items placed under the island will be welded into the ship at a later time.

The Kennedy is scheduled to move from the dry dock to an outfitting berth in the fourth quarter of 2019, three months ahead of schedule. The ship's christening is planned for later this year.

More than 4,500 shipbuilders and 2,000 suppliers from across the country are supporting the construction of the new aircraft carrier.

USNS Gianella Completes Final Underway Mission



The Military Sealift Command petroleum tanker USNS Lawrence H. Gianella pulls into downtown Norfolk on May 23, completing its last mission before being deactivated. Christened in 1986, USNS Gianella delivered petroleum products to Department of Defense storage and distribution facilities worldwide. U.S. Navy/Bill Mesta

NORFOLK,

Va. – Military Sealift Command's last champion class T-5 petroleum tanker, USNS

Lawrence H. Gianella (T-AOT 1125), completed its final underway mission for the

U.S. Navy by sailing down the Elisabeth River to downtown Norfolk, Virginia, in

support of National Maritime Day on May 23.

Christened

April 19, 1986, Gianella's primary role has been to perform point-to-point

delivery of petroleum products to Department of Defense storage and

distribution facilities worldwide.

"USNS

Lawrence H. Gianella is the last and longest serving U.S. government-owned

champion class T-5 tanker," said Matthew Sweeney, Military Sealift Command

tanker project officer. "As the longest serving T-5 tanker she moved more

petroleum for the U.S. military than any other vessel in U.S. military

history."

Gianella “was the last of five T-5 tankers built,” said Capt. Robert J. Mills III, USNS Lawrence H. Gianella’s ship master since 1998. “The Gianella is a liaison between commercial petroleum terminals and Department of Defense fuel facilities around the world.”

The other T-5 tankers in the U.S. Navy’s inventory were the MV Gus. W. Darnell (ATO-1121), USNS Paul Buck (T-AOT 1122), USNS Richard G. Matthiesen (T-AOT 1124) and the USNS Samuel L. Cobb (T-AOT 1123).

“Military Sealift Command operated its T-5 tankers in each of its five area commands, MSC Atlantic, MSC Pacific, MCS Central, MSC Far East and MSC Europe and Africa,” Mills added.

USNS Gianella is the last noncombat logistics force petroleum tanker in MSC service capable of providing underway replenishment-at-sea services with combatants using the modular fuel distribution system (MFDS), according to Sweeney.

“Fuel is the lifeblood of the U.S. Navy’s combatant fleet,” Mills said. “USNS Lawrence H. Gianella is able to restock MSC’s fleet oilers and Navy combatant ships while at sea using its two refueling stations. We would pull into port and bring fuel to our fleet oilers so that they could remain at

sea.”

Over the course of USNS Lawrence H. Gianella’s service, the ship has provided direct support to the warfighters in multiple wars.

“During the Iran-Iraq War in 1988, USNS Gianella supported U.S. fleet and convoy operations in the Gulf of Oman and Persian Gulf by providing fuel consolidation (CONSOL) support to MSC fleet oilers,” Sweeney said. “The ship also provided CONSOL and petroleum logistics support for Operation Desert Shield, Operation Desert Storm, Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom.”

As an ice-class oil tanker USNS Lawrence H. Gianella has performed numerous Arctic and Antarctic resupply missions since the mid-1980s.

Cutter Valiant Crew Returns Home Following 9-Week Counter-Drug Patrol



The Coast Guard Cutter Valiant underway in the Caribbean Sea. JACKSONVILLE, Fla. – The crew of the Coast Guard Cutter Valiant returned

home May 27 to Naval Station Mayport following a nine-week counter-drug patrol in the eastern Pacific, the Coast Guard 7th District said in a release.

The Valiant crew patrolled more than 14,000 nautical miles in the eastern Pacific in support of Joint Interagency Task Force South (JIATF-S).

While on patrol, the crew interdicted two go-fast smuggling vessels, seized 2,718 pounds of cocaine worth over \$41 million and apprehended three suspected drug smugglers. The crew ensured the safe and efficient transfer of all suspected smugglers, evidence and narcotics to the United States for future prosecution.

“The noteworthy results of Valiant’s patrol underscore what a well-trained crew can accomplish with a still highly-capable 51-year-old Coast Guard cutter,” said Cmdr. Matthew Waldron, Valiant’s commanding officer.

While on a port of call in Chiapas, Mexico, a contingent of the Valiant crew dedicated a day to a local surf mission, cleaning beaches and playing soccer and volleyball with local children. Its navigation through the Panama Canal earned the crew the “Order of the Ditch” nautical certificate.

The Valiant is a multimission 210-foot medium-endurance cutter. Missions

include search and
rescue, maritime law enforcement, marine environmental
protection, homeland
security and national defense operations.